

PlonePAS Presentation J. Cameron Cooper



Who am I?



Connexions Project



Plone: Groups tools, etc.



Enfold Systems





Content Management With

Plone

An in-depth and comprehensive guide to the Plone content management system.

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What is PAS?

- PluggableAuthService
- UserFolder
- Comes from Zope Corp.



What does it do?

- Most things a regular UserFolder does, except through plugins
- All UserFolder functionality is pluggable
 - everything, and I do mean everything, is a plugin
 - provides some default plugins
 - you can find or write plugins to make it behave differently



Advantages

- Flexible administration
- Simple, well-defined extension
- Less magic
- Growing plugin population
 - At critical mass yet? I don't know.



Disadvantages

- Fairly new
- Loose coupling makes certain things tricky
- Some code paths inside PAS itself are tricky



Default Plugins Interfaces

- Extraction
- Authentication
- Challenge
- Update Credentials
- Reset Credentials
- User Factory
- Anon. User Factory
- Properties

- Groups
- Roles
- Update
- Validation
- User Enumeration
- Role Enumeration
- Role Assigner
- et al.



Zooming in...

• Let's look at Properties plugin...

class IPropertiesPlugin(Interface):

""" Return a property set for a user.

def getPropertiesForUser(user, request=None):

```
""" user -> {}
```

o User will implement IPropertiedUser.

o Plugin may scribble on the user, if needed (but must still return a mapping, even if empty).

o May assign properties based on values in the REQUEST object, if present



Usual Plugins

- ZODB based storage
 - Users
 - Groups
 - Roles
 - Properties
- Auth
 - Cookie
 - HTTP Basic
- Nothing special...



Other Plugins

- LDAPMultiPlugins
- Zope.org LDAP PAS
- GRUFMultiPlugin (PlonePAS)
- Delegating MultiPlugin



This is a Plone event!

- What about Plone?
- PAS is not drop-in for Plone
 - not your usual UserFolder
 - some missing capabilities, methods
 - GRUF API
 - etc.
- Sounds like trouble...
 - but now we have PlonePAS



PlonePAS History

- Started at CIGNEX San Jose Sprint
 - design/architecture
 - base code
- Enfold for the last few months
 - who? Me.
 - web interface, migration, etc.



What's in PlonePAS?

- Read/write ZODB plugins, and others
 - some new plugin types
- Migration of some standard UF setups
- Groups as objects
- Methods missing in PAS: GRUF, etc
- Mods to Plone UI
 - capabilities!
- Some experimental stuff: GRUFMultiPlugin



What's not in PlonePAS?

- Migration of your crazy UF setup.
- Non-basic plugins
 - Find elsewhere, or write your own
- Cleartext passwords
 - PasswordResetTool needed
- Bugs!
 - just kidding.



(Plone)PAS Catches

- Dependencies
- Caching
- Memberdata schema changes
- No fallback to Basic Auth
- May not be everything GRUF does
- Migration, of course
- Also, see docs



Versions

- Plone PAS is only tested on
 - Plone 2.0.5 (though 2.1 shouldn't be too hard)
 - GRUF 2.1 or GRUF 3.2
 - PluggableAuthService 1.0.4 (unreleased)
 - Plugin Registry
 - Latest LDAPMultiPlugin (possibly unreleased)
 - id mangling has changed in PAS



Installation

- Download from plone.org, Enfold, or Sourceforge.
- Make a backup!
- No, seriously, make a backup.
 - And don't do this on your production machine!
- Follow the usual procedure
 - does anyone not know this?
 - the README deals with this



Migration

- Automatic when using QuickInstaller
 - see install log for details
 - but only for certain setups
- Migratable setups:
 - Default
 - LDAPUserFolder as user source
 - other UFs might work...
 - but with no special features



Manual Migration

- Find/write plugins for your external source
 - configure the same as original
 - this is how it works with LDAPUF
- For actual migrations:
 - run script to store data
 - delete existing UF
 - install PlonePAS; set up plugins if needed
 - run script to add users
 - this is how ZODB user migration works.



Future of Migration

- PlonePAS may eventually have better hooks for migrations.
- Probably write pre and post scripts, and register somehow.



Now what?

- Configure, if needed
 - add plugins
 - turn off, rearrange plugins
 - write plugins, even
- Use like a regular UF
 - though the interface is different than you may be used to



PAS ZMI Interface

- Go to acl_users, of course
- You will see all the plugins installed
 - all types are available in pull-down
- Click plugin object for activation and config
 - Some have more config than others
- Default plugins let you define users/groups, assign roles, et al.
- The *plugins* object is special...



ZMI User Management

- source_users: create/delete users, set pass.
- source_groups: same, with groups
- portal_role_manager: set global roles to manage, assign to users/groups
- credentials_basic_auth, credentials_cookie_auth: auth sources
- mutable_properties: contain user props



Plugin Management

- The *plugins* object lists all available interfaces
 - drill down to see all plugins implementing those interfaces
- A plugin can implement one or many
 - if it does most, it might be called a multi-plugin
- In each interface, all available plugins can be added, removed, and ordered
- ...so a plugin can be installed, but not used



Plugin Management Example

- Say we don't want cookie auth anymore
- PAS provides an auth plugin using cookies
 - no more CookieCrumbler
- There's also an HTTP Basic Auth plugin
 - make sure there's an instance of this
- In the auth plugin detail screen:
 - remove cookie auth plugin from the active list
 - add the basic auth plugin



The Plone Interface

- PAS provides for user management that looks little different from standard Plone
- Plone Setup, Users/Groups Management
- You'll see little difference (except perhaps that global roles can be set on users)
 - but this is an adaptation to fit PAS into the existing code
- ...but when you start changing things up, you'll notice a difference.



Capabilities

- If you get users, groups, roles, properties, etc from a read-only source, the control is readonly.
- I call this capabilities checking. It avoids providing a false appearance of control.
- This can be a problem in regular Plone, but is especially accute in PAS.
- Plugins must implement certain interfaces to declare themselves non-readonly.



Setting up LDAPMultiPlugin

• No LDAP around, unfortunately, but we can see the steps.

- Trust me, it works.

- Get LDAPUserFolder and LDAPMultiPlugins
 - The ADSI versions will also work
- Create a plugin (LDAP or AD) in PAS folder, and configure it like your LDAP
- If you already have an LDAPUF, PlonePAS can migrate it automatically.



LDAP Config

- Let's look at the LDAP plugins...
 - Activate tab shows lots of interfaces
 - we'll remove groups
 - Contents tab shows an LDAFUF
 - Properties tab has some config
- Plugin config
 - in plugins object > properties plugin
 - add LDAP MP
 - order to top



Looking forward

- Should see more plugins
 - if you write 'em, release 'em
- Better migration framework
- Some upstream insertion
 - Plone should carry groups tool base
- PLIP 102 to use PAS as main UF
 - replaces GRUF... but GRUF won't go away anytime soon
 - based on PlonePAS



Remaining questions

- UI is problematic, even with capabilities
 - it assumes monolithic UF
 - PAS causes problems in this paradigm
 - Replace existing Plone UI with more pluginish UI
 - But what does this really look like?
- Is PAS really fast/stable/clear enough?
 - It's fairly new, we don't really know.
- Can installed base cope?
 - how long do we want GRUF-compat?



That's all, folks...

• Any questions?